Micro costing: studies, systematic review and checklist development

On the State of the Art in Costing Methods: Workshop

Institute for Health Economics, Edmonton, Canada

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Outline

- Studies: Results of two Randomized Controlled Trials
 - Costs of HIV prevention and substance abuse treatment among women
 - Costs of a motivational enhancement therapy coupled with cognitive behavioral therapy for pregnant substance users

Systematic Review:

Pilot study results

Checklist development:

Protocol for a micro costing checklist

Micro-Costing

- Micro-costing is a method with "direct enumeration and costing out of every input consumed in the treatment of a particular patient" (Gold, Siegel, Russell, and Weinstein 1996; Panel on Cost Effectiveness in Health and Medicine)
- Advantages of micro-costing:
 - Accuracy/precision
 - Reflection of actual resource use and economic costs (rather than charges, reimbursement, payments, or prices)
 - Separate different activities and cost categories, gathers detailed information directly enumerates and values specific resources used in an intervention
 - Reliability and validity from cost collection alongside actual program delivery
 - Ability to account for the most significant inputs
- Disadvantages of micro-costing:
 - Generalizability
 - If self-observation by providers and study personnel may be prone to error
 - Significant burden of detailed cost collection is placed on intervention personnel. Systems makes estimating costs easier.

Costs of HIV Prevention and Substance Use Treatment Among Women: Results of a Randomized Controlled Trial

Jennifer Prah Ruger, Phd Arbi Ben Abdallah, M.A. Linda Cottler, Ph.D

Three Step Micro-Costing Approach: Identify-Measure-Value

- Methodology developed and employed in previous studies^a:
 - Identifying resources used
 - Measuring resource use
 - Valuing resources
- Total cost = Σ_i (quantity of each type of resource_i x unit cost_i)
- Average cost per participant = total cost/number of participants

Ruger JP, Ben Abdallah A, Cottler L (2010) Public Health Rep 125 Suppl 1: 83-94.
 Ruger JP, Chawarski M, Mazlan M, et al. (2012) Health Serv Res 47: 865-887.
 Ruger JP, Emmons KM, Kearney MH, Weinstein MC (2009) BMC Pregnancy Childbirth 9: 46.

Methods

- Estimated total, variable and fixed costs for the SI and additional costs for the two enhanced interventions (WWE and 4ES)
- Compared breakdown of cost categories across intervention components
- Estimated costs from both service provider and societal perspectives
- Concluded with sensitivity analysis of the robustness of these estimates to changes in key cost components
- Only costs related to implementation of intervention included; study recruitment, development of survey instrument, and other activities associated with research objectives excluded

Variable Costs Incurred (Service Provider Perspective)

Description of items	Group	Cost/ unit	Total units	Total costs	SI (N=501)		wwi	E (N=342)	4ES (N=170)
					No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs
MATERIALS & TESTING COSTS										
Male condoms	A	\$80.25/1000	5000	\$401.25	5000	\$401.25		-		-
Female condoms	Α	\$1,000/1000	1000	\$1,000.00	1000	\$1,000.00		-		-
Demonstrator condoms	Α	\$80.25/1000	500	\$40.13	500	\$40.13		-		-
Speculums for WWE	В	\$23.00/25	342	\$314.64		-	342	\$314.64		-
Latex gloves	A, B	\$4.59/100	2350	\$107.87	2000	\$91.80	350	\$16.07		-
Nitrile gloves	A, B	\$9.71/100	350	\$33.99	300	\$29.13	50	\$4.86		-
Protection lubricant	Α	\$165/100	1000	\$165.00	1000	\$165.00		-		-
23 Gauge Butterfly Needles	Α	\$35.50/50	25	\$17.75	25	\$17.75		-		-
Alcohol Preps	Α	\$1.28/200	826	\$5.29	826	\$5.29		-		-
Ammonia inhalants	Α	\$18.29/100	50	\$9.15	50	\$9.15		-		-
Bandages	A	\$1.97/100	550	\$6.90	550	\$6.90		-		-
Gauze pads	A	\$2.01/100	413	\$8.30	413	\$8.30		-		-
IV ¾ Vacutainer set	l a	\$37.23/50	59	\$43.93	59	\$43.93		-		-
Penis model	В	\$12/model	3	\$36.00	3	\$36.00		-		-
10% KOH solution	В	\$12/bottle	2	\$24.00		-	2	\$24.00		-
9% NaCl solution	В	\$3.50/bottle	2	\$7.00		_	2	\$7.00		-
Bottle and dropper set	В	\$161.71/144	144	\$161.71		_	144	\$161.71		-
Disposable exam sheets	В	\$19/100	342	\$64.98		_	342	\$64.98		-
Disposable pipettes	В	\$128.17/case	1	\$128.17		_	1	\$128.17		-
Exam capes	В	\$12.68/50	350	\$4,438.00		_	350	\$4,438.00		-
Exam table paper	В	\$3.00/roll	6	\$18.00		_	6	\$18.00		-
Lens paper	В	\$7.55/ 12	12	\$7.55		Ī	12	\$7.55		_
Pap smearing fixative	В	#13.00/12	24	\$7.33 \$26.00		·	24	\$26.00		_
Safetex-Cytology spray fixative	В	\$25.60/12	12	\$25.60		·	12	\$25.60		_
	B			· ·		· ·		· ·		_
Test-tube holding tray	I	\$30.55/ tray	1	\$30.55	F01	+60,630	1	\$30.55		_
HIV-Negative	A	\$139/test	501	\$69,639	501	\$69,639		-		_
HIV-Western blot	A	\$206/test	13	\$2,678	13	\$2,678	242	+24 204		
Pap smear test kit MISCELLANEOUS SUPPLIES	В	\$62/ kit	342	\$21,204		-	342	\$21,204		_
Air freshener	A,B,C	\$3.21/each	4	\$12.84	2	\$6.42	1	10.01	1	\$3.21
Bleach		\$3.21/each \$1.84/bottle	3	\$12.64 \$5.52	1	\$1.84	1	\$3.21	1	\$1.84
Empty spray bottles	A,B,C A,B,C	\$6.79/3bottles	3	\$5.52 \$6.79	1	\$1.64	1	\$1.84	1	\$0.63
. , . ,	A,B,C A,B,C	' '	12	\$6.79 \$18.60	6	\$0.63 \$6.35	4	\$0.63	2	\$2.15
Paper towels		\$18.60/12rolls		· ·	2		1	\$4.33	1	\$4.09
Soap	A,B,C	\$4.09/bottle	4 9	\$16.36		\$8.18	1	\$4.09	9	\$16.99
Tissues	A,B,C	\$1.89/box	-	\$16.99		· .	12	-	9	\$10.99
Disolv Germicidal cleaner	В	\$13,25/12	12	\$13.25		· .	12	\$13.25		_
Sanitary pads	В	\$3.24/48pads	48	\$3.24		· .	48	\$3.24		_
Sterile cotton tops	В	\$1.88/500	500	\$1.88		-	500	\$1.88		_
Tampons	В	\$3.88/40	40	\$3.88		-	40	\$3.88		_

Variable Costs Incurred (Service Provider Perspective) (cont.)

Description of items	Group	Cost/unit	Total units	Total costs	s	I (N=501)	wwe	(N=342)	4ES (N=170)
					No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs
OFFICE SUPPLIES										
Felt-tipped markers	A,B,C	\$5.99/8	16	\$11.98	8	\$7.97	5	\$5.44	3	\$2.71
Folders	A,B,C	\$1.09 each	12	\$13.08	6	\$6.54	4	\$4.36	2	\$2.18
Light bulbs	A,B,C	\$13.63/24	24	\$13.63	12	\$3.23	8	\$2.21	4	\$1.10
Pens	A,B,C	\$5.99/50	50	\$5.99	25	\$106.09	17	\$72.42	8	\$36.00
Cassette tapes	c	\$100/pack	1	\$100.00		· -		· -	1	\$100.00
Paper	A,C	\$11.62/ream	9	\$104.58	7	\$10.17		_	2	\$3.45
Pencils	A,C	\$1.20/12	24	\$2.40	18	\$2.24		-	6	\$0.76
Tape	A,C	\$21.22/6rolls	6	\$21.22	4	\$74.66		-	2	\$25.34
Binders	l c	\$1.09 each	4	\$4.36				-	4	\$4.36
Dry-Erase markers	С	\$4.29/4	4	\$4.29		_		-	4	\$14.07
Easel cling-pad	С	\$16.12 each	1	\$16.12		_		-	1	\$16.12
Plastic cups, plates, utensils	С	-	_	\$14.07		_		_		\$14.07
INCENTIVES										' '
Monetary remuneration	A,B,C	\$20/ person	501	\$10,020.00	159	\$3,180.00	172	\$3,440.00	170	\$3,400.00
Certificates	l c ′	\$3.49/25	170	\$23.73		-		-	170	\$23.73
Frames	c	\$2.00/frame	170	\$340.00		_		_	170	\$340.00
Ivory embossed cards	c	\$18.78/100	2	\$37.56		-		_	2	\$39.56
Votives	c	\$42.50/170	170	\$42.50		_		_	170	\$42.50
Respondent meals	С	-		\$1,961.02		_		-		\$1,961.02
Subtotal (Materials and Testing costs)				, ,		<u>\$77,589.88</u>		\$30,031.90		\$6,055.87
PERSONNEL COSTS										
SI Peer facilitator										
SI I: 30 min/ person; 501 people	Α	\$15/hour	250.5	\$3,757.50	250.5	\$3,757.50		-		-
SI I Lab delivery: 15 min each, 400 trips	A	\$15/hour	100	\$1,500.00	100	\$1,500.00		-		-
SI II: 30 min/ person; 501 people	A	\$15/hour	250.5	\$3,757.50	250.5	\$3,757.50		-		-
Rater										
Reminder calls: 10min each, 501 people	С	\$15/hour	83.5	\$1,252.50		-		-	83.5	\$1,252.50
WWE Nurse practitioner										
WWE: 30 min each, 342 people	В	\$25/hour	171	\$4,275.00		-	171	\$4,275.00		-
4 ES Peer facilitator										
ES: 130 min each, 213 sessions	С	\$15/hour	461.5	\$6,922.50		-		-	461.5	\$6,922.50
4 ES Health professional									1	1
ES: 120 min each, 213 sessions	С	\$25/hour	426	\$10,650.00		-		-	426	\$10,650.00
4 ES Child care provider									1	1
ES: 120 min each, 213 sessions	С	\$10/hour	426	\$4,260.00		-		-	426	\$4,260.00
Subtotal (Personnel costs)						<u>\$9,015.00</u>		\$4,275.00	1	<u>\$23,085.00</u>
Total Variable Costs						<u>\$86,604.88</u>		<u>\$34,306.90</u>	1	<u>\$29,140.87</u>
Variable Costs per Client						\$172.86		\$100.31	1	\$171.42
									1	1
	-	!	!	!		-		!		

Fixed Costs Incurred (Service Provider Perspective)

Description of Items	Group	Cost per unit	Total Units	Total Costs	SI (N=501)	WWE (N=342)	4ES (N=170)
BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES COSTS HS North Location (excl. utilities) Suite 4 Kingshwy Location (+ utilities)	A, B, C C	Monthly rent \$1900 \$6620	34 months 34 months	\$38,760.00 \$112, 540.00	\$19,169.56	\$13,085.80	\$6,504.64 \$112,540.00
Utilities (HS North Location) Phone service Gas Water service Electricity Janatorial/ Cleaning service Security System Subtotal	A, B, C A, B, C A, B, C A, B, C A, B, C A, B, C	\$157 \$166 \$73.75 \$83.47	34 months 34 months 34 months 34 months 34 months 34 months	\$3,202.80 \$3,386.40 \$335.81 \$1,504.47 \$1,702.84 \$324.00	\$1,584.01 \$1,674.81 \$166.08 \$744.07 \$842.17 \$160.24	\$1,081.30 \$1,143.29 \$113.37 \$507.93 \$574.90 \$109.39 \$16,615.97	\$537.49 \$568.30 \$56.35 \$252.48 \$285.77 \$54.37 \$120,799.40
TRANSPORTATION COSTS Client transportation Van rental and gas Cab fares Transporting participants by car Subtotal	C C		16 days 3080 miles	\$988.90 \$498.15 \$924.00	- - - \$0.00	- - - \$0.00	\$988.90 \$498.15 \$924.00 \$2,411.05
EQUIPMENT Exam chair/ Table/ Stool Microscope Lamp Small refrigerator Small cooler Subtotal	B B B B		1 1 1 1 1	\$1,200.00 \$250.00 \$75.00 \$40.00 \$10.00	- - - - - \$0.00	\$1,200.00 \$250.00 \$75.00 \$40.00 \$10.00 \$1,450.00	- - - - - \$0.00
Total Fixed Costs Fixed Costs per Client					\$24,340.94 \$48.58	\$18,065.97 \$52.82	\$123,210.45 \$724.77

Societal Costs Incurred

Description of Items	Group †	Time spent per activity	No. of people	Total units	Cost per	Total costs	(1)	SI I=501)	ı	WWE I=342)		4ES =170)
				in hours	unit		No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs	No. of units	Total costs
PARTICIPANT'S TIME*		•										
Session Time												
Standard Intervention I	Α	20 min	501	167	\$5.15	\$860.05	167	\$860.05				
Standard Intervention II	Α	20 min	501	167	\$5.15	\$860.05	167	\$860.05				
Well Women Exam	В	30 min	342	114	\$5.15	\$587.10			114	\$587.10		
4 Education Sessions	С	2 hrs, 4 sessions	170	1360	\$5.15	\$7,004.00					1360	\$7.004.00
<u>Travel Time</u>												
Standard Intervention	А	15 min/ session (x2)	501	250.5	\$5.15	\$1,290.08	250.5	\$1290.08				
Well Women Exam	В	15 min/ session	342	85.5	\$5.15	\$440.33			85.5	\$440.33		
4 Education Sessions	С	15 min/ session (x4)	170	170	\$5.15	\$875.50					170	\$875.00
Total societal costs								\$3,010.00		\$1,027.43		\$7,879.50
Societal cost per client								\$6.01		\$2.05		\$15.73

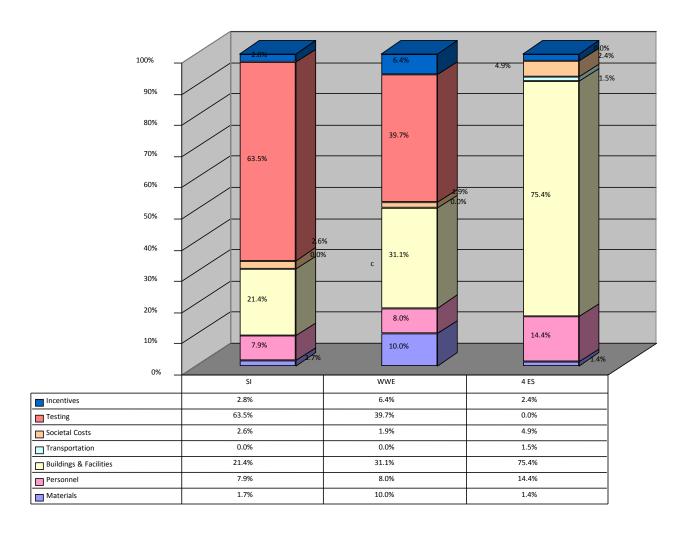
[†] Cost per unit is the minimum wage for Missouri from the Labor Bureau of Statistics, August 2005 Note:Total costs x Time spent per Session x Number of Age x Wage

^{*} A==SI; B==WWE; C==4ES

Total Costs Incurred

Description of Items	SI (N=501)	WWE (N=342)	4ES (N=170)
	Total Costs	Total Costs	Total costs
Total Variable Costs	\$86,604.88	\$34,306.90	\$29,140.87
Variable Cost per client	\$172.86	\$100.31	\$171.42
Total Fixed Costs	\$24,340.94	\$18,065.97	\$123,210.45
Fixed Cost per client	\$48.58	\$52.82	\$724.77
Total Societal Costs	\$3,010.18	\$1,027.43	\$7,879.50
Societal Cost per client	\$6.01	\$2.05	\$15.73
Total Cost	\$113,955.99	\$53,400.30	\$160,230.82
Total Cost per client	\$227.46	\$156.14	\$942.53

Cost breakdown by Cost category



Costs of a Motivational Enhancement Therapy Coupled with Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Pregnant Substance Users: Results of a Randomized Controlled Trial

Xiao Xu, PhD;¹ Kimberly A. Yonkers, MD; ¹ Jennifer P. Ruger, PhD²

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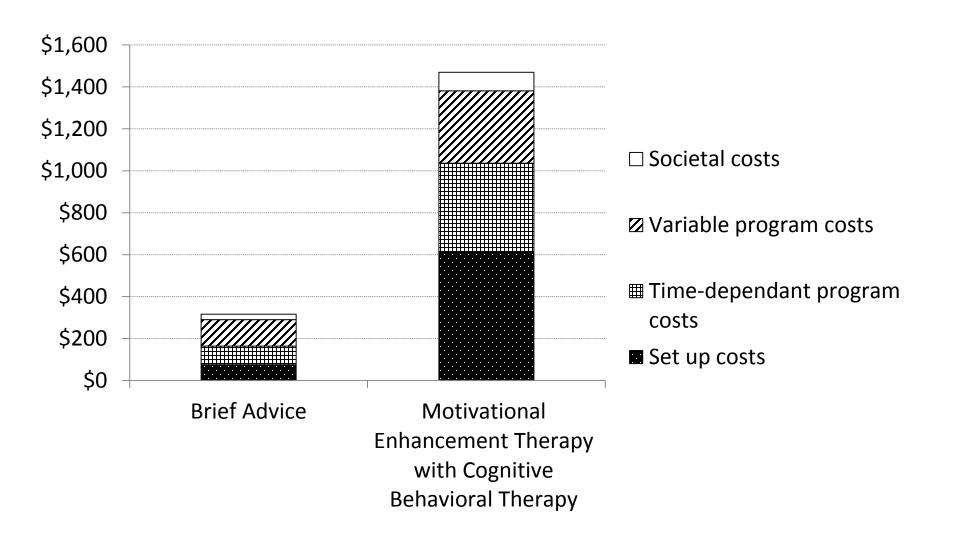
Estimated total and per participant costs of BA and MET-CBT

Cost Category	ВА	(n = 86)	MET-CBT (n = 82)			
- -	Total	Per	Total	Per		
		Participant		Participant		
Set Up Costs	\$6,473	<i>\$75</i>	\$50,297	\$613		
Initial clinic integration	\$2,198	\$26	\$5,732	\$70		
Intervention material design	\$372	\$4	\$19,620	\$239		
Set-up program administrative office	\$127	\$1	\$127	\$2		
Training costs	\$2,185	\$25	\$22,994	\$280		
Other initial set up costs	\$1,590	\$18	\$1,823	\$22		
Time-Dependent Program Costs	\$7,689	\$89	\$34,663	\$423		
Continued clinic integration	\$3,893	\$45	\$21,804	\$266		
Facility and utilities costs	\$1,243	\$14	\$7,361	\$90		
Other utilities	\$1,025	\$12	\$2,439	\$30		
Equipment	\$409	\$5	\$1,940	\$24		
Furniture	\$216	\$3	\$216	\$3		
Office and other supplies	\$904	\$11	\$904	\$11		

Estimated total and per participant costs of BA and MET-CBT

Cost Category	ВА	(n=86)	MET-CBT (n=82)		
	Total	Per	Total	Per	
		Participant		Participant	
Variable Program Costs	\$10,790	<i>\$125</i>	\$28,314	\$345	
Personnel time	\$3,133	\$36	\$23,046	\$281	
Testing supplies (urine & breath tests)	\$4,996	\$58	\$3,319	\$40	
Exam room and utilities	\$20	\$0	\$354	\$4	
Intervention materials	\$2,550	\$30	\$1,520	\$19	
Transportation	\$90	\$1	\$74	\$1	
Societal Costs	\$2,247	<i>\$26</i>	\$7,210	\$88	
Total	\$27,199	\$316	\$120,483	\$1,469	

Figure 1. Comparison of per participant cost: BA and MET-CBT



Sensitivity Analysis

Cost Category	Mean Cost p	per Participant
	ВА	MET-CBT
Base Case Analysis	\$316	\$1,469
One-Way Sensitivity Analysis		
 Increase number of participants by 25% 	\$282	\$1,255
 Exclude training costs 	\$285	\$1,153
 Replace registered nurses (RN) with social workers as MET-CBT therapists 	\$312	\$1,351
 Assume the program was implemented in a non- academic setting 	\$335	\$1,471
Two-Way Sensitivity Analysis		
 Increase number of participants by 25% & exclude training costs 	\$258	\$1,002
 Increase number of participants by 25% & replace RN with social workers as MET-CBT therapists 	\$279	\$1,151

A Systematic Review of Micro-Costing Studies of Health Care and Health Interventions

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Acknowledgments: This study has been supported by the National Institutes of Health/National Institute on Drug Abuse (R01DA025555; PI: JP Ruger).

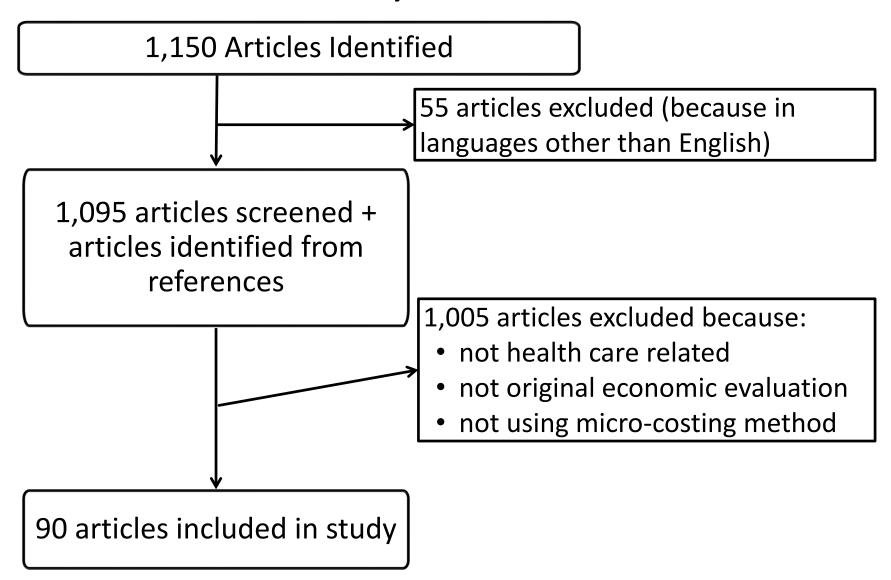
Literature Search

Search terms:

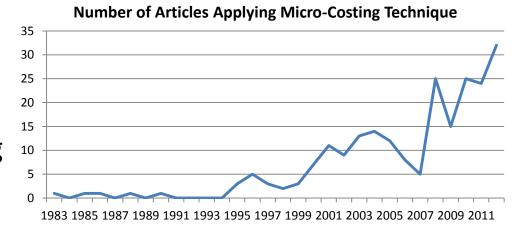
(micro cost*) OR (microcost*) OR (bottom up) AND (cost OR costs OR costed OR costing))

- Database searched: Ovid MEDLINE, EconLit, BIOSIS Previews, Embase, Scopus, and the National Health Service Economic Evaluation Database (NHS EED)
- Years included: ≤ May 2013, continuously updated
- Language: English articles
- Eligibility criteria:
 - Health care related topics
 - Original economic analysis
 - Application of micro-costing method

Flow Chart of Study Search and Selection



 Increasing number of publications over time that used micro-costing



- Diseases/conditions studied:
 - Cancer research (n=19; 21.1%)
 - Mental disorders (n=12; 13.3%)
 - Infectious and parasitic diseases (n=10; 11%)

Analytical time horizon:

Most studies (87.8%) had analytical time horizon < 1 year

Analytical quality:

- 34 studies (37.8%) failed to report analytic perspective, an
 essential aspect of study design affecting the scope of cost items
- 27 studies (30%) did not report the price year of cost data
- 36 studies (40.0%) either did not perform inflation adjustment for cost data from different years or did not specify whether they made such adjustment
- 75 studies (83.3%) did not separately report data on unit costs and resource utilization quantity

• <u>Different approaches of costing:</u>

- Collection of patient-specific, direct enumeration and unit cost data of ALL inputs consumed;
- Collection of patient-specific, direct enumeration and unit cost data of SOME inputs consumed + some gross-costing;
- Collection of patient-specific medical care event data (without direct enumeration of inputs) + estimation of unit cost via micro-costing;
- Treatment profile defined by staff/expert/literature review/clinical guideline + micro-costing in all or some aspects of the estimation;
- Other approaches

Areas for improvement:

- Specifics about the costing method often not sufficiently described
- Study perspective not always stated or does not match the cost categories included

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- Collection of patient-specific, direct enumeration and unit cost data of ALL inputs consumed;
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Areas for improvement:

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Development of a checklist for the conduct, reporting and appraisal of microcosting studies in healthcare

Need for guidelines

 There is an increasing need for micro-costing in decision making in health policy

 It is important that studies are conducted according to consistent principles

 Studies should be reported in a way that allows for transparency and comparability across studies

Limitations of existing guidelines and checklists

 Do not provide sufficient detail for the methods and techniques involved in micro-costing studies

 Do not provide a methodological framework and analytic components specific to the inclusion of items to evaluate micro-costing studies

Purpose of a micro-costing checklist

 Provide a framework and guidance for the conduct of micro-costing studies

 Lead to more consistency and transparency in conducting micro-costing studies, allowing for comparison of the studies' findings

 Assist in the development of manuscripts reporting micro-costing studies and reviewing the manuscripts for publication

Methods

The checklist will be developed in four stages:

Identification of appropriate potential domains and items

2. Item selection, formulation and reduction

3. External review by expert panel (further item reduction and revision)

4. Testing and assessment

Identification of Potential Checklist Items

Three methods identify items for inclusion in preliminary list

- A. Systematic review of micro-costing studies
- B. Theoretical analysis of economic concepts relevant for micro-costing
- C. Review of checklists and guidelines for economic evaluations of health interventions; selection of items relevant for micro-costing

Systematic Review Data Extraction

- a) Cost components included (e.g., personnel costs, consumables/materials/supplies cost, medication cost, facility cost, transportation costs, productivity loss)
- b) Whether the study reports input utilization quantity and unit cost data
- Method of quantity data collection used (e.g., time-motion study, patient self-report, cost-accounting database, provider/staff interview)
- d) Method of unit cost data collection (e.g., invoice amount, hospital/clinic/provider catalogue, standard fee schedule)

Theoretical and Conceptual Analysis

- Search for literature that defines micro-costing and differentiates micro-costing from gross costing and other costing
- Analytical framework and conceptual domains for conducting micro-costing studies will be developed
- Domains that are missing or not adequately represented in the current economic evaluation checklists will be identified
- Newly formulated items will be developed for each conceptual domain

Review Existing Checklists

- Comprehensive literature search for published checklists and guidelines used to evaluate the quality and reporting of costing in economic analyses of health interventions and programs, including:
 - Articles in the systematic review
 - References from relevant studies
 - Additional literature searches, such as:
 - "Checklist*"; "guideline*"; "questionnaire*"
 - "Costs and cost analysis"
 - "Health care quality, access and evaluation"

Creation of Initial Item Pool

- Triangulation of methods (i.e., the systematic review, checklist review and theoretical analysis) to compile a comprehensive list
- Duplicate or redundant items will be removed
- The pool of remaining items will be discussed and evaluated by research team members
- Consensus of team members will be reached on a preliminary list of items

External Review by Expert Panel

Modified Delphi method

- An iterative multistage process with the goal of consensus among a group of experts
- Panel participants selected based on experience in the conduct of economic evaluations, and specific expertise in micro-costing studies
- The preliminary list of items will be sent to panel participants in the form of a survey

Pilot Test

- A pilot test will be conducted on a random selection of 10% of the articles from the systematic review
- The articles will be rated by two independent reviewers.
- Reliability estimates will be calculated and discrepancies will be discussed with the research team
- Items may be modified or further explained in order to improve clarity and comprehension
- List of items for checklist will be finalized

Acknowledgments

 This research was supported by grants from the National Institutes of Health (NIH) (National Institute on Drug Abuse [NIDA] grants R01DA025555, K01DA016358, R01 DA11622 and R01DA019135). Dr. Ruger was also supported by the Patrick and Catherine Weldon Donaghue Medical Research Foundation.