

Cultural and other aspects of FASD prevention and identification in Lithuania

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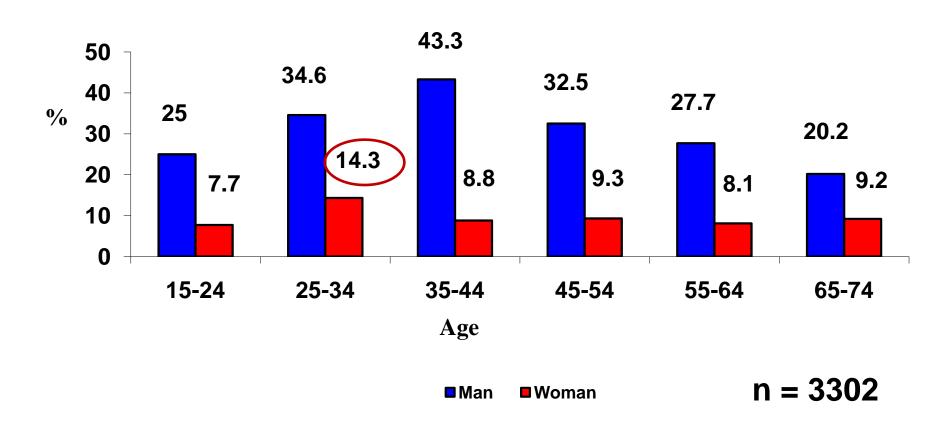
Background related to alcohol use



Pure alcohol per capita consumption calculated from only legally sold alcohol

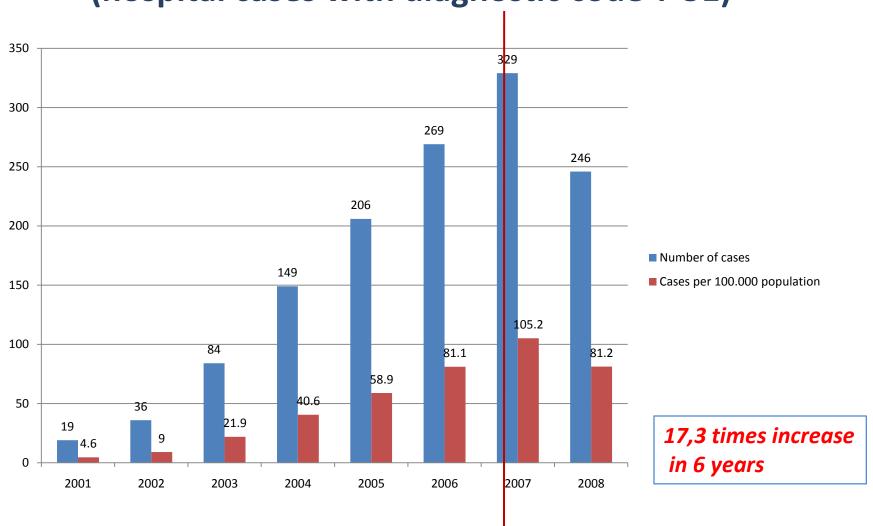
13 liters

Prevalence of risky and harmful use of alcohol among 15-74 years old Lithuanian population (AUDIT ≥ 8)





9-14 old children alcohol intoxications (hospital cases with diagnostic code T-51)



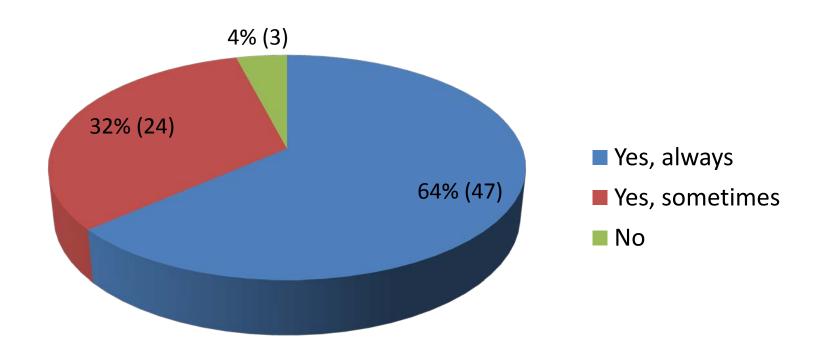


Some "cultural" aspects:

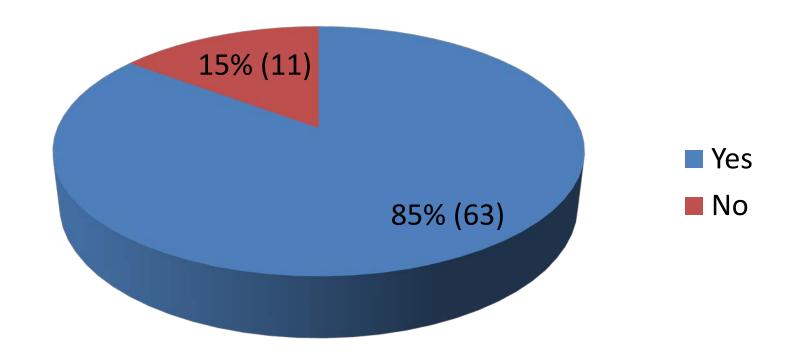
- High prevalence of binge drinking;
- Abstention is treated as abnormal.

Do the specialists evaluate alcohol use during pregnancy

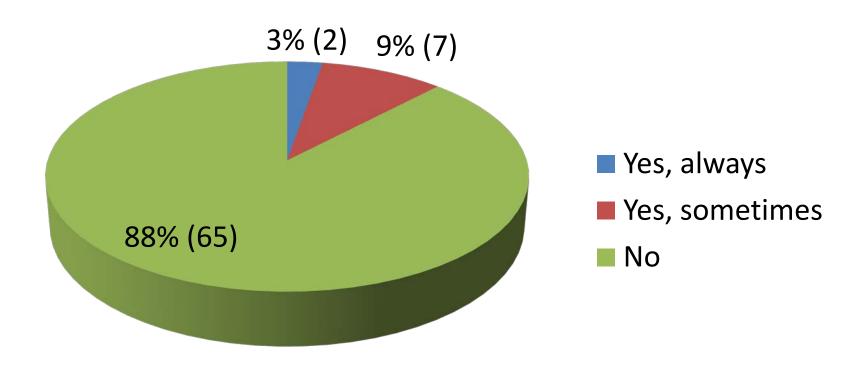
- 46 family doctors
- 28 obstetricians gynecologists



Recommendations to avoid alcohol during pregnancy

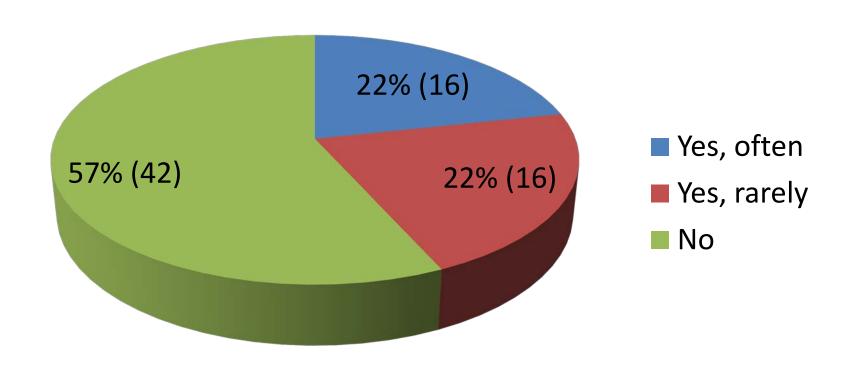


Do you recommend alcohol as means to relieve unpleasant symptoms?*



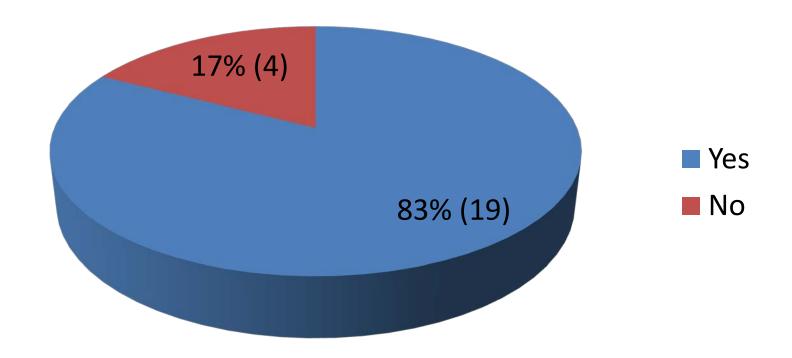
^{*}Egg. increased tone of uterine muscles, lower back pain etc.

Have other doctors offered alcohol as a remedy to your pregnant patients?

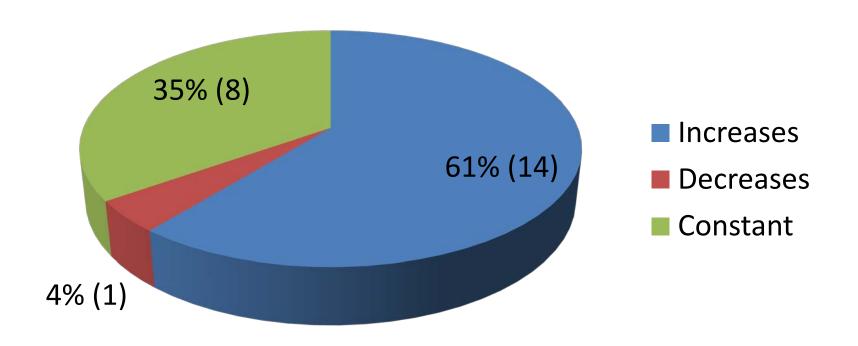


Have you ever diagnosed FAS (Q86.0)?

- 27 neonatologists



In your opinion how does FAS incidence is changing in recent years?

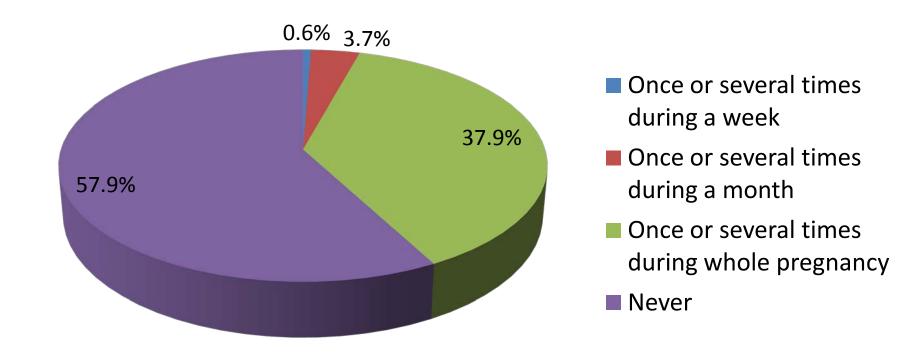


Alcohol consumption during pregnancy

- ✓ The data about alcohol consumption during pregnancy was obtained in 2009 from a birthcohort study.
- ✓ Participants were 548 mothers who gave birth to full-term newborns (≥37 weeks of gestation) in the Hospital of Lithuanian University of Health Sciences.
- ✓ During their stay at hospital after delivery women completed questionnaires which included a question about alcohol consumption during pregnancy.

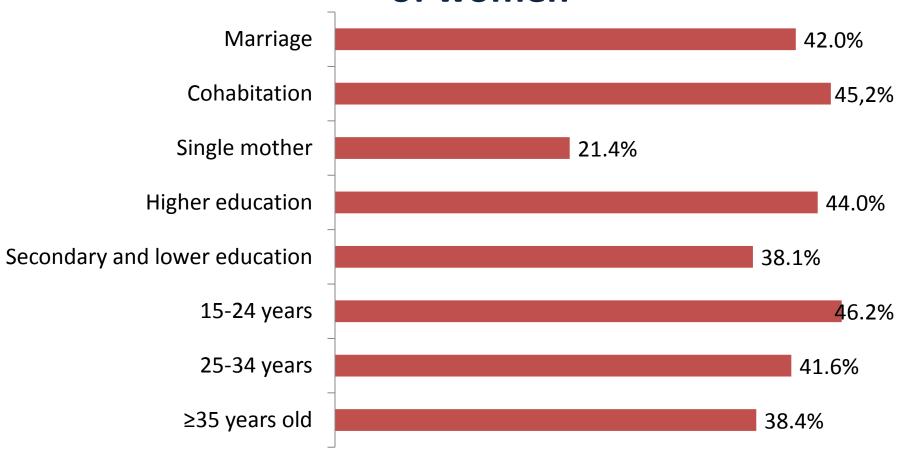


Alcohol consumption during pregnancy among mothers of full-term infants



Alcohol consumption during pregnancy reported 42,1% of participants

Alcohol consumption during pregnancy in relation with sociodemographic characteristics of women





In place of conclusions

- ✓ 10 cases of FAS (Q86.0) diagnosed during the period 2006 2011
- √ 12 cases of women observation because of suspected alcohol related harm to child (O35.4)



Thank you